Autumn Term	
Introduction to Ethics	Introduction to Philosophy (1 Week)
Lesson content:	Lesson content:
1. What is Ethics?	1. What is Philosophy?
2. What do we mean by Ethics?	2. What do we mean by Knowledge?
3. Can we ever really say anything is right or wrong?	3. Can we ever know anything?
Normative Ethical Theories (4 weeks)	The Meaning of God (3 weeks)
Links to Diocesan directory	Links to Diocesan directory
1.6.1, 4.4.3, 4.3.5, 4.3.6,	1.3.1, 1.4.2, 1.6.1,
Lesson content: 1. Moral Relativity and Absolutism 2. Deontology and Natural Law 3. Aquinas, Natural Law and its practice 4. Natural Law in Christianity today 5. Evaluating Natural Law 6. Teleology and Situation Ethics 7. Joseph Fletcher and Situation Ethics 8. Applying Situation Ethics on moral issues 9. Virtue and Ethics 10. Aristotle's Theory of Virtue Ethics 11. The Golden Mean and Christianity 12. Evaluating Virtue Ethics How is the unit assessed: Key Homework Tasks: a) Explain the difference between Deontological and Teleological Ethical theories (15) b) "A deontological system of ethical decision-making is unsatisfactory. (15) a) Explain Fletcher's theory of Situation Ethics. (15) b) "Virtue Ethics cannot solve serious Ethical issues." (15)	Lesson content: 1. What do we mean by God? 2. Monotheism and Trinity 3. Anthropomorphism and God 4. Jesus,: Fully God and Fully Man. 5. Omnipotence and God 6. Omniscience , Omnipresence and God 7. God as Omnibenevolent 8. God as Creator 9. Process Theology How is the unit assessed: Key Homework Tasks: a) Explain the different understandings of God's Omnipotence. (15) b) "Calling God the Father doesn't mean God is male." Assess this view with reference to Christianity. (15) a) Explain the Christian idea of God as creator. (15) b) "The God of Process Theology isn't the Christian God." (15)
Key Moral Principles (4 weeks)	Arguments for the existence of God (4 weeks)
Links to Diocesan directory	Links to Diocesan directory
4.2.3, 4.7.3, 4.6.2,	1.2.4, 1.3.1, 1.1.1, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.6.1

Lesson content:

- 10. What does it mean to say that God is moral?
- 11. God as the source of morality.
- 12. Morality, faith and works
- 13. Ideas about faith and predestination.
- 14. The Sanctity of Life
- 15. Sanctity of Life and Abortion
- 16. Sanctity of Life and Embryo Screening
- 17. What is the Just War Theory
- 18. Evaluating The Just war Theory
- 19. The Just War Theory and WMD's
- 20. Christianity and the Environment
- 21. Evaluating Stewardship and Dominion

How is the unit assessed:

Key Homework Tasks:

- c) Explain the Christian view on God as the source of Morality. (15)
- d) "Faith without works is dead." Assess this view with reference to Christianity. (15)
- c) Explain the Just War Theory. (15)
- d) "No war is ever just." Assess this view with reference to Christianity (15)

Lesson content:

- 13. The Cosmological Argument and its origins
- 14. Aguinas and the Cosmological Argument
- 15. Criticisms of the Cosmological Argument
- 16. Russell & Copleston's Cosmological Debate
- 17. Origins of the Design Argument
- 18. Paley's Design Argument
- 19. Hume's criticisms of the Design Argument
- 20. The Ontological Argument of Anselm
- 21. Criticisms of Anselm's Argument
- 22. Descartes and the Ontological Argument

How is the unit assessed:

Key Homework Tasks:

- c) Explain Aquinas' Cosmological Argument. (15)
- d) "The Universe does not need a cause." (15)
- a) Explain Paley's Teleological Argument. (15)
- b) "Complexity is not evidence for God." (15)

The application of natural moral law, situation ethics and virtue ethics (4 weeks)

Links to Diocesan directory

1.6.1, 4.4.3, 4.3.5, 4.3.6,

4.6.2, 4.6.1, 4.6.6

Lesson content:

- 1. Applying Natural Law to Medical Ethics
- 2. Situation Ethics on Abortion and Euthanasia
- 3. Virtue Ethics, Abortion and Euthanasia
- 4. Evaluating Ethical Approaches to Medical Ethics
- 5. Natural Law and Capital Punishment
- 6. Situation Ethics and Capital Punishment
- 7. Virtue Ethics on Capital Punishment
- 8. Evaluating Ethical Approaches to CP
- 9. Natural law on Animal Rights

Sources of Wisdom and Authority in Christianity (3 weeks)

Lesson content:

- 1. Why is Scripture important for Christians?
- 2. Understanding God through Scripture
- 3. The Church as a Source of Authority
- 4. Catholicism and Magisterium
- 5. Protestant views on the Authority of the Church
- 6. Bible and Tradition
- 7. The Authority of Jesus
- 8. Jesus' teachings on Authority
- 9. Interpreting the Message of Jesus

How is the unit assessed:

Key Homework Tasks:

- 10. Situation Ethics and Animal Rights
- 11. Virtue Ethics and Animal Rights
- 12. Evaluating the application of Ethical Theories on Animal Rights

How is the unit assessed:

Key Homework Tasks:

- a) Explain the different Ethical Approaches to the issue of Abortion(15)
- b) Virtue Ethics has no satisfactory answer to the ethical problems of embryo research(15)
- a) Explain the different Ethical Approaches to Capital Punishment. (15)
- b) "Natural Law cannot answer the issue of Animal Rights"

- a) Explain what Christian Scripture teaches us about God (15)
- b) "God is most clearly revealed to humanity through scripture'." (15)
- a) Examine the various views surrounding the Genesis Account of Creation (15)
- b) "The Creation Narrative must be read literally" (15)

Spring Term		
Christian Religious identity (4 weeks)	Religious Experience (4 weeks)	
Links to Diocesan directory	Lesson content:	
2.3.2, 3.1, 3.2	1. Approaching Religious Experience	
	2. William James on Religious Experience	
Lesson content:	3. Swinburne on Religious Experience	
1. What do we mean by Identity?	4. Numinous Experience	
2. The importance of Religious Identity	5. Analysing Numinous Experience	
3. Christianity and Religious identity	6. Visions and Voices	
4. The Sacraments and Religious Identity	7. Mystical Experiences	
5. Baptism in Early Christianity	8. Religious Experience in Psychology and Sociology	
6. Baptism in Catholic and Baptist communities	9. The Religious Experience Argument for God	
7. Holy Communion	10. Revelation and Authority	
8. The Last Supper and its interpretation	11. Scripture and Revelation	
9. Evaluating views on Holy Communion		
10. The Great Commission	How is the unit assessed:	
11. The importance of mission today.	Key Homework Tasks:	
12. Evaluating Christian Identity?	a) Explain James' Theory on Religious Experience . (15)	
How is the unit assessed:	b) "Visions and Voices are proof of God." (15)	
Key Homework Tasks:) F -1-1- F	
c) Explain Christian views on Baptism (15)	a) Explain Freud's response to Religious Experience. (10)	
d) "You cannot be called a Christian if you are not Baptised" Assess this view	b) How well did Freud's Arguments prove Religious Experience to be a form of	

Psychosis. (15)

with reference to Christianity. (15)	
c) Examine the various views surrounding Holy Communion in Catholic and Baptist	
Traditions (15)	
d) "Mission is vital to Christian identity today." Assess this view with reference to	
Christianity (15)	
Introduction to meta ethics: the meaning of right and wrong (5 weeks)	Self, death and the afterlife (3 weeks)
<u>Links to Diocesan directory</u>	
4.6.2, 4.2.3,	Lesson content:
	1. The Soul and the Body
Lesson content:	2. Christian understandings of the Soul
1. What is Meta Ethics?	3. The Soul after death
2. How do we apply language to Ethical Theory?	4. Types of Judgement in Christianity
3. Divine Command Theory	5. Heaven
4. Applying the Divine Command Theory	6. Purgatory and Hell
5. Evaluating Divine Command Theory	
6. Ethical naturalism and Utility	1
7. Bentham's Utilitarianism	8. Christian views on the Purpose of life.9. The Purpose of life in Christian Scripture.
8. Mill on Utilitarianism	9. The Purpose of life in Christian Scripture.
9. Peter Singer and Preference Utilitarianism	
10. Evaluating Singer	How is the unit assessed:
11. Ayer and emotivism	Key Homework Tasks:
12. Evaluating Emotivism	a) Explain the various views on the soul. (15)
13. Intuitionism and Non-Naturalism	
14. Are moral truths self-evident?	b) "An all-loving God shouldn't judge his creation." (15)
15. Evaluating Naturalism and Non-Naturalism	
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	a) Explain the Christian view of the afterlife. (15)
How is the unit assessed:	1) (((1) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Key Homework Tasks:	b) "If the body is destroyed, the soul must also be destroyed." (15)
a) Explain the Divine Command Theory. (15)	
a, Explain the Divine Communa theory. (13)	
b) Something cannot be good simply because God says so. (15)	
2, samening cannot be good simply because God says so: (10)	
a) Explore the different approaches to Utilitarianism (15)	
a, Explore the different approaches to offinationism (10)	
b) "Moral Truths are Self-Evident." (15)	
2, Marai Halla ara dan Eriadini (10)	
	Evil and Suffering (4 weeks)
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Lesson content:

- 1. What is the Problem of Evil
- 2. The Euthyphro Dilemma and Evil
- 3. The Philosophical problem of God's Goodness
- 4. The Irenaean Theodicy
- 5. Hick and the Irenaean Theodicy
- 6. Criticisms of Irenaeus
- 7. Augustine's Theodicy
- 8. Criticisms of Augustine's Theodicy
- 9. The Free Will Defence
- 10. Responses to the Free Will Defence
- 11. The Process Theodicy
- 12. Responding to the Process Theodicy

How is the unit assessed:

Key Homework Tasks:

- c) Explain the Logical Problem of Evil(15)
- d) Evaluate the success of the Irenaean Theodicy in Solving the Problem of Evil (15)
- c) Explain the Theodicies of Irenaeus and Augustine. (15)
- d) "Arguments from Free Will cannot justify Evil." (15)

Summer Term is Spent in Preparation for the AS Level Exams